

New York City Energy Efficiency Corporation

Financial Statements (Together with Independent Auditors' Report)

Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018



ACCOUNTANTS & ADVISORS

NEW YORK CITY ENERGY EFFICIENCY CORPORATION

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Together with Independent Auditors' Report)

YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors of New York City Energy Efficiency Corporation

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of New York City Energy Efficiency Corporation ("NYCEEC"), which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of NYCEEC as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of a Matter

As discussed in Note 2N to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2019, NYCEEC adopted Accounting Standards Update 2016-14, Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958) – *Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Entities*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Marks Pareth UP

New York, NY October 31, 2019



NEW YORK CITY ENERGY EFFICIENCY CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	2019	2018
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 2H and 4)	\$ 10,464,125	\$ 9,582,698
Government grants receivable (Notes 2K and 6)	368,197	497,866
Contributions receivable (Notes 2J and 5)	36,987	-
Fees and interest receivable (Note 2L)	324,264	411,707
Prepaid expenses and other assets	62,567	53,373
Total current assets	11,256,140	10,545,644
Noncurrent assets		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents (Note 4)	5,748,139	5,617,778
Restricted cash - escrows held (Note 4)	817,233	871,170
Restricted deposit with NYCHDC (Note 8)	985,000	985,000
Loans receivable, net (Notes 2D, 2E, 7 and 10)	38,748,587	42,156,858
Property and equipment, net (Notes 2F and 12)	30,750	71,899
Total noncurrent assets	46,329,709	49,702,705
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 57,585,849</u>	\$ 60,248,349
LIABILITIES Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses (Note 2G)	\$ 874,529	\$ 816,822
Notes payable (Note 13)	1,744,851	40,000
Total current liabilities	2,619,380	856,822
		<u> </u>
Noncurrent liabilities		
Escrows due (Note 9)	842,234	871,171
Notes payable (Note 13)	20,000,000	21,261,810
Total noncurrent liabilities	20,842,234	22,132,981
TOTAL LIABILITIES	23,461,614	22,989,803
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 14)		
NET ASSETS (Note 2B)		
Net assets without donor restrictions	1,710,899	3,207,826
Net assets with donor restrictions (Note 15)	32,413,336	34,050,720
TOTAL NET ASSETS	34,124,235	37,258,546
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 57,585,849	\$ 60,248,349
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NEW YORK CITY ENERGY EFFICIENCY CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

Without Donor RestrictionsWith Donor RestrictionsTotal 2019Total Without Donor With DonorWith Donor RestrictionsSUPPORT AND REVENUE Contributions (Notes 2J and 5)\$ 7,557 \$ 300,000 \$ 307,557 \$ 600,000 \$ - \$ 600,000
SUPPORT AND REVENUE Contributions (Notes 2J and 5) \$ 7,557 \$ 300,000 \$ 307,557 \$ 600,000 \$ - \$ 600,000
Contributions (Notes 2J and 5) \$ 7,557 \$ 300,000 \$ 307,557 \$ 600,000 \$ - \$ 600,000
Government grants (Notes 2K and 6) 938,972 - 938,972 1,246,403 1,246,403 -
Fee income (Note 2L) 140,920 - 140,920 - 228,147 228,147 -
Interest from loans receivable (Note 2L) 4,359,629 - 4,359,629 - 3,642,286 -
Interest income from banks (Note 2M) 63,613 - 63,613 21,560 21,560 -
Net assets released from restrictions (Notes 2B and 15) 1,937,384 (1,937,384) 3,756,672 (3,756,672
TOTAL SUPPORT AND REVENUE 7,448,075 (1,637,384) 5,810,691 5,738,396 8,895,068 (3,156,672
EXPENSES
Program services 7,939,610 - 7,939,610 6,957,046 6,957,046 -
Management and administration 876,927 - 876,927 - 876,927 - 822,282 -
Fundraising 128,465 - 128,465 115,103 115,103 -
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TOTAL EXPENSES 8,945,002 - 8,945,002 7,894,431 7,894,431 -
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS (1,496,927) (1,637,384) (3,134,311) (2,156,035) 1,000,637 (3,156,672
(1,490,927) (1,037,004) (0,134,017) (2,100,033) 1,000,037 (3,100,072)
Net assets - beginning of year 3,207,826 34,050,720 37,258,546 39,414,581 2,207,189 37,207,392
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR \$ 1,710,899 \$ 32,413,336 \$ 34,124,235 \$ 37,258,546 \$ 3,207,826 \$ 34,050,720

NEW YORK CITY ENERGY EFFICIENCY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (With Summarized Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2018)

	For the Year Ended June 30, 2019									
			Supporting Services							
	Program		Management				2019	2018		
		Services	and Administration		Fur	ndraising	Total			Total
Salaries and wages	\$	1,516,460	\$	414,818	\$	90,302	\$	2,021,580	\$	1,800,004
Payroll taxes and employee benefits (Note 16)		388,550		106,285		23,137		517,972		453,264
Total personnel services		1,905,010		521,103		113,439		2,539,552		2,253,268
Professional and consulting fees		341,287		253,851		2,605		597,743		748,852
Occupancy (Note 14B)		164,899		43,646		7,021		215,566		107,759
Utilities		4,147		1,098		177		5,422		74,142
Insurance		25,719		6,808		1,095		33,622		33,247
Travel, meetings and conferences		15,124		4,003		644		19,771		16,701
Supplies and office expense		6,770		1,792		288		8,850		10,965
Telecom, internet and website		45,564		7,543		1,213		54,320		39,098
Postage and delivery		531		141		23		695		1,735
Minor furniture, equipment and leases		6,556		1,735		279		8,570		3,275
Payroll and benefits processing fees		-		12,809		-		12,809		11,388
Banking, finance and miscellaneous fees (Note 13)		942,288		11,982		5		954,275		659,063
Depreciation and amortization (Note 12)		39,353		10,416		1,676		51,445		69,282
Total expenses before provision for loan losses		3,497,248		876,927		128,465		4,502,640		4,028,775
Provision for loan losses (Notes 2E and 7)		4,442,362						4,442,362		3,865,656
Total expenses	\$	7,939,610	\$	876,927	\$	128,465	\$	8,945,002	\$	7,894,431

NEW YORK CITY ENERGY EFFICIENCY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

				Supporting				
	Program Services		Management and Administration		Fundraising		 Total	
Salaries and wages Payroll taxes and employee benefits (Note 16)	\$	1,376,731 346,679	\$	367,302 92,491	\$	55,971 14,094	\$ 1,800,004 453,264	
Total personnel services		1,723,410		459,793		70,065	2,253,268	
Professional and consulting fees Occupancy (Note 14B)		442,149 80,841		270,359 24,137		36,344 2,781	748,852 107,759	
Utilities		55,621		16,607		1,914	74,142	
Insurance Travel, meetings and conferences		24,942 12,529		7,447 3,741		858 431	33,247 16,701	
Supplies and office expense Telecom, internet and website		8,226 34,233		2,456 4,362		283 503	10,965 39,098	
Postage and delivery		1,301		389		45	1,735	
Minor furniture, equipment and leases Payroll and benefits processing fees		2,457 -		733 11,388		85 -	3,275 11,388	
Banking, finance and miscellaneous fees (Note 13)		653,706		5,352		5	659,063	
Depreciation and amortization (Note 12)		51,975		15,518		1,789	 69,282	
Total expenses before provision for loan losses		3,091,390		822,282		115,103	4,028,775	
Provision for loan losses (Notes 2E and 7)		3,865,656		-		-	 3,865,656	
Total expenses	\$	6,957,046	\$	822,282	<u>\$</u>	115,103	\$ 7,894,431	

NEW YORK CITY ENERGY EFFICIENCY CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

		2019		2018
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Change in net assets	\$	(3,134,311)	\$	(2,156,035)
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to				
net cash provided by operating activities				
Depreciation and amortization		51,445		69,282
Provision for loan losses		4,442,362		3,865,656
Amortization of deferred rent		107,913		(15,000)
Subtotal		1,467,409		1,763,903
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Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in assets:				
Government grants receivable		129,669		(129,507)
Contributions receivable		(36,987)		100,000
Fees and interest receivable		87,443		61,190
Prepaid expenses and other assets		(9,194)		(3,883)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(50,206)		128,416
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		1,588,134		1,920,119
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Cash held in escrow		(20.027)		(211 156)
		(28,937)		(211,156)
Interest capitalized		(3,048,672)		(1,995,319)
Loans disbursed		(3,813,657)		(12,580,204)
Loan payments received		5,828,238		4,804,251
Acquisitions of property and equipment		(10,296)		(11,422)
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities		(1,073,324)		(9,993,850)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Proceeds from notes payable		483,041		14,521,810
Repayments of notes payable		(40,000)		(1,784,000)
Funds paid to other capital providers		-		(119,056)
Funds received from other capital providers		-		183,599
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities		443,041		12,802,353
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities		443,041		12,002,355
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		957,851		4,728,622
Cash and cash equivalents – Beginning of year		16,071,646		11,343,024
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS – END OF YEAR	\$	17,029,497	\$	16,071,646
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR:				
Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,464,125	\$	9,582,698
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	ψ	6,565,372	φ	9,382,098 6,488,948
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS—END OF YEAR	\$	17,029,497	\$	16,071,646
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:				
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Cash paid during the year for interest	\$	904,524	\$	453,122

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF ACTIVITIES

New York City Energy Efficiency Corporation ("NYCEEC") is a non-profit, specialty finance company that provides loans and innovative financing solutions to help building owners undertake energy efficiency and clean energy projects that reduce greenhouse gas emissions and save money. NYCEEC finances energy efficiency, combined heat and power, fuel conversion, demand response and building-scale renewable energy and storage projects.

NYCEEC is governed by a Board of Directors whose membership includes public officials and private individuals. In fiscal year 2014, NYCEEC's Board of Directors voted to become self-perpetuating and NYCEEC is no longer a component unit of The City of New York (the "City").

On November 29, 2012, NYCEEC received notice from the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") that its tax-exempt status under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code was approved, and it is exempt from federal income taxes. NYCEEC is considered a public charity under Section 170(b)(1)(A)(vi). NYCEEC was incorporated under the laws of the State of New York (the "State") and is exempt from State and local income and sales taxes.

NYCEEC makes construction and permanent loans and provides credit enhancement in the form of loan loss reserves exclusively for energy efficiency and clean energy projects in buildings. NYCEEC also partners with various lending organizations to finance such projects while encouraging best practices with respect to energy efficiency retrofit implementation and ongoing performance monitoring.

NYCEEC's project loans are primarily funded by Federal funds as well as funds received from the City, private banks and philanthropic foundations. NYCEEC's operations are primarily funded through earnings on its project loans and funds received through the contract with the City as well as several philanthropic grants that NYCEEC has been awarded since inception.

In accordance with its governing documents, NYCEEC officers have the responsibility to approve or disapprove certain financing transactions while other transactions must be approved by certain members of the Board of Directors.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements of NYCEEC have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") as applicable to not-for-profit organizations as defined by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB").

B. Basis of Presentation

NYCEEC is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets: net assets without donor restrictions and net assets with donor restrictions.

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions – include resources that are not subject to donor-imposed stipulations and, therefore, may be expended for any purpose in performing the primary objectives of NYCEEC.

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions – include resources subject to donor-imposed stipulations that limit their use either through purpose or time restrictions. When donor restrictions expire, that is, when a time restriction ends or a purpose restriction is accomplished, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified as net assets without donor restrictions and reported as net assets released from restrictions.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of providing NYCEEC's program and supporting services have been summarized on a functional basis in the accompanying statements of activities. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated between program and supporting services benefited. Such allocations are determined by management on an estimated reasonable basis.

The expenses that are allocated include salaries and wages which were allocated based on management's estimate of the time spent by each employee in each functional category. The payroll taxes and employee benefits were allocated based on the allocation of staff salaries. Professional and consulting fees were directly applied to a functional category depending of the purpose of the services, and indirect costs are allocated on the basis of staff full time employees.

D. Loans Receivable

Loans receivable are funds utilized for financing clean energy and energy efficiency projects. Loans receivable represent funds drawn by borrowers and any interest capitalized on those funds. Non-capitalized interest on borrowed funds is recognized as interest receivable. The loan terms vary and generally have repayment periods of up to 12 years.

Loans are considered past due when payment of scheduled principal or interest is not received within 30 days from the payment due date. NYCEEC's policy places a loan on non-accrual status when payments of principal or interest are 120 days past due or more unless the loan is in the process of collection and management reasonably expects full collection. Management may place a loan on non-accrual whether the loan is past due or when it is evident that full payment of the loan is not expected. Interest on non-accrual loans will not be recognized on an accrual basis from the point they are placed on non-accrual. A non-accrual loan will be returned to accrual status when all past due payments are brought current and management believes repayment of contractually owed principal and interest is reasonably assured.

E. Provision for Uncollectible Amounts

NYCEEC establishes a provision for possible uncollectible amounts based on an analysis of receivables deemed uncollectible. NYCEEC's policy is based on its internal evaluation of the individual loans and their associated risk. These amounts are recorded in the accompanying financial statements under loans receivable or fees and interest receivable, as applicable (see Note 7).

As of June 30, 2019 and 2018 the accompanying financial statements included provisions on allowance for uncollectible loans of \$11,130,182 and \$6,231,065, respectively.

F. Property and Equipment

It is NYCEEC's policy to capitalize property and equipment with a cost over \$1,000 and a useful life of at least three years. Property and equipment are stated at their original costs or at their fair values at the dates of donation. Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives. Expenditures for leasehold improvements are capitalized and amortized using the straight-line method over the lease term.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

G. Deferred Rent

NYCEEC records rent expenses associated with its office lease on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease. The difference between the straight-line amount and the amount actually paid during the year is recorded as a liability and an expense in the accompanying financial statements. Included in accounts payable and accrued expenses in the accompanying financial statements is a deferred rent liability of \$112,793 and \$4,880 as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

H. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, NYCEEC considers all highly liquid investments available for current use with an initial maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

I. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, as well as the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

J. Contributions and Contributions Receivable

Contribution revenue is recorded at fair value when the donor makes an unconditional promise to give. Amounts are recorded as with donor restrictions if they have donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated asset. When a donor restriction expires (that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished), net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statements of activities as contributions released from restrictions. Conditional promises to give are recognized when the conditions on which they depend are substantially met.

Grant funds are released from restriction as eligible operating and capital expenses are incurred. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is NYCEEC's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Contributions to be received over periods longer than a single year are discounted at an interest rate commensurate with the risk involved, unless deemed to be de minimis.

K. Government Grants, Government Grants Receivable and Unearned Revenue

Government grant revenue is recognized when earned. Government grant funds from the City used to capitalize NYCEEC's revolving loan fund and loan loss reserve fund is recorded as grant revenue when committed and funding is certain. Expense driven grants are recognized as revenue when qualifying expenses have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met. Government grant funds received prior to qualifying expenses being incurred are recorded as unearned revenue.

Government grants receivable consists of eligible costs under government grants that were incurred prior to the fiscal year-end and funds committed for the loan fund and loan loss reserve fund for which payment has not been received.

L. Program Revenue and Fees and Interest Receivable

Program revenue includes income from interest and fees on loans and loan loss reserve transactions. Such income is recognized when earned. Fees are due and payable when earned.

When interest is capitalized during the construction period, it is reflected as loans receivable. Interest is due and payable monthly or quarterly based on the amortization schedule shared with the borrower.

M. Investment Income

Investment income reflects the earnings on the cash and cash equivalents of NYCEEC held with financial institutions.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

N. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

FASB Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2016-14, "Not-for-Profit Entities Topic 958" Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Entities, was adopted for the year ended June 30, 2019. ASU 2016-14 provides for a number of changes, including the presentation of two classes of net assets and enhanced disclosure on liquidity resources and functional expense allocation. These changes had no impact on the change in net assets for the year ended June 30, 2019. ASU 2016-14, NYCEEC reports net assets in two classes (see Note 2B) and provides additional information about liquidity (see Note 3) and the methodologies used to allocate expenses by function (see Note 2C).

O. Reclassification

Certain line items in the June 30, 2018 financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the June 30, 2019 presentation.

NOTE 3 - LIQUIDITY AND AVAILABILITY OF RESOURCES

Cash account balances, net of outstanding checks, for all accounts, are reviewed daily by accounting and finance staff. Balances in the operating, payroll, foundation funding, and restricted lending accounts are reviewed weekly with management to determine necessary cash transfers and availability of funds to cover the cost of general operations as well as to fund lending activities.

As of June 30, 2019, NYCEEC had working capital of approximately \$8.6 million and a current ratio of 4.0. At year end, unrestricted cash and cash equivalents of approximately \$10.5 million represented 752 days of cash on hand based on the FY2020 operating budget, with the majority of these funds intended for lending. NYCEEC additionally had short-term receivables of approximately \$729,000. An additional \$5.7 million in cash and cash equivalents is restricted specifically for lending purposes.

As of June 30, 2019, the following tables show the total financial assets held and the amounts of those financial assets that could be made readily available within one year of the balance sheet date to meet general expenditures.

Financial assets at year-end:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,464,125
Government grants receivable	368,197
Contributions receivable	36,987
Fees and interest receivables	324,264
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	5,748,139
Restricted cash - escrows held	817,233
Restricted deposit with NYCHDC	985,000
Loans receivable, net	 <u>5,276,839</u>
	\$ 24,020,784

Financial assets available to meet general expenditures over the next 12 months:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,464,125
Government grants receivable	368,197
Contributions receivable	36,987
Fees and interest receivables	324,264
Loans receivable, net	 <u>5,276,839</u>
	\$ 16,470,412

NOTE 4 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

As of June 30, 2019, NYCEEC's bank balance was \$17,172,733 compared to its book balance of \$17,029,498. The difference between the bank balance and book balance of \$143,235 relates to reconciling items in the NYCEEC operating account. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance for each of the two banks and \$15,870,375 was fully collateralized under a pledge and assignment agreement with JP Morgan Chase. The remaining \$802,358 is uncollateralized.

NOTE 5 - CONTRIBUTIONS

NYCEEC was awarded a total of \$307,557 and \$600,000 in private foundation funding during the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Since inception, NYCEEC has been awarded \$7.1 million in private foundation funding. As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, the outstanding receivable balance amounted to \$36,987 and \$0, respectively.

NOTE 6 - GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND CONTRACTS

In 2011, NYCEEC was awarded an allocation from the City under the Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grant Program ("EECBG") in the amount of \$37.5 million, which was received in full. NYCEEC has received \$37.5 million from the City since inception. Of this amount, a total of \$32.8 million was used to capitalize a revolving loan fund and loan loss reserve fund and has been recorded as grant revenue in prior periods.

The City committed to funding NYCEEC an additional \$8.2 million over three years, beginning June 2015 for additional clean energy financing and related services. Of this \$8.2 million, \$5 million was used to capitalize a revolving loan fund and has been recorded as revenue in the statements of activities. NYCEEC recorded a receivable balance from the City as of June 30, 2018 amounting to \$248,126 for expenditures incurred. As of June 30, 2019, \$266,697 was included in government grants receivable on the accompanying financial statements for expenditures incurred. The City shall make further allocations to NYCEEC upon request and submission.

As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, net assets received under the contract with the City and restricted for purposes of the revolving loan fund and loan loss reserve fund were approximately \$32.4 million and \$33.9 million, respectively (see Note 15). For the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, approximately \$1.6 million and \$3.3 million, respectively, of loan funding from the City was released from restrictions to cover the provision for loan losses on anticipated uncollectible loans receivable funded by the City.

NOTE 7 - LOANS AND COLLATERAL COMMITMENTS

A. Loans and Collateral Commitments

NYCEEC has received federal grants and a private grant that are to be utilized for financing clean energy and energy efficiency. NYCEEC has also secured participant lenders and other borrowing facilities to fund its project loan portfolio. Through June 30, 2019, NYCEEC has closed eighty-one financing transactions, totaling approximately \$80.0 million. These eighty-one transactions have consisted of six loan loss reserve transactions totaling \$12.2 million and seventy-five loans totaling \$68.2 million since inception.

Of the \$68.2 million in NYCEEC loan commitments, \$65.2 million has been drawn by borrowers through June 30, 2019 and approximately \$3 million remains to be drawn. In fiscal year 2019, interest of \$3,048,672 was capitalized and added to principal. NYCEEC has collected approximately \$5.8 million in principal repayments in fiscal year 2019.

NOTE 7 - LOANS AND COLLATERAL COMMITMENTS (Continued)

A. Loans and Collateral Commitments (Continued)

Loans receivable consists of the following as of June 30:

	2019	2018
Loans receivable, beginning Loan disbursements Interest capitalization Loan repayments Loans receivable, ending Less allowance Less loans serviced on behalf of third parties	\$ 50,925,750 7,295,977 3,048,672 (5,828,246) 55,442,153 (11,130,182) (5,563,384)	\$ 40,753,543 12,365,703 2,610,755 (4,804,251) 50,925,750 (6,231,065) (2,537,827)
Loans receivable, net	<u>\$ 38,748,587</u>	<u>\$ 42,156,858</u>

The following is a summary of the scheduled principal repayments to be received on all of NYCEEC's loans (before the provision for uncollectible amounts) as of June 30:

	2019		2018
Due in less than one year Due within one to five years Due after five years	\$ 5,835,549 11,181,991 <u> </u>		5,117,230 3,711,274 42,097,246
	<u>\$ 55,442,153</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>50,925,750</u>

B. Concentrations

As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, borrowers with outstanding balances in excess of 10% of the gross loans receivable accounted for 62% and 61% of the portfolio, respectively. As of June 30, 2019, the largest concentrations of loans receivables are with three borrowers across five loans and amount to approximately \$19.4 million, \$7.6 million and \$7.1 million representing approximately 35%, 14% and 13%, respectively, of NYCEEC's loan portfolio, net of participations. As of June 30, 2018, the largest concentrations of loans receivables were with three borrowers across five loans and amounted to approximately \$16.6 million, \$7.5 million and \$4.7 million representing approximately 34%, 15% and 10%, respectively, of NYCEEC's loan portfolio, net of participations.

C. Ratings and Provisions

NYCEEC uses an internal rating system to determine borrower repayment risk and the appropriate provision. The definitions of the rating levels are summarized below, in addition to amounts provisioned based on analysis of specific receivables deemed uncollectible. Provisions calculated do not include amounts serviced on behalf of third parties.

- 1. Pass provisioned at 2% of outstanding principal balance: The borrower and the loan are both performing fully to projections and project milestones, or better, with no sign of deterioration in any of the major performance criteria.
- 2. Watch/Attention provisioned at 10% of outstanding principal balance: Deterioration in one or more major financial performance criteria is a trend requiring increased scrutiny and possible intervention with the borrower.

NOTE 7 – LOANS AND COLLATERAL COMMITMENTS (Continued)

C. Ratings and Provisions (Continued)

3. Doubtful/Substandard provisioned at 20% of outstanding principal balance: Borrower or loan shows significant deterioration, requiring restructuring and intervention. Negative trends cannot be easily reversed, and payment on the original terms is extremely doubtful.

An analysis of the allowance for uncollectible amounts as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 by rating category is summarized as follows:

Classification	Lo	oans Receivable	Loan	Loan-Loss Reserves		Provision	Ju	ine 30, 2019, Net
Specific	\$	7,166,085	\$	-	\$	(7,166,085)	\$	-
1		27,177,605		985,000		(471,685)		27,690,920
2		5,302,806		-		(530,281)		4,772,525
3		14,810,657		-		(2,962,131)		11,848,526
	\$	54,457,153	<u>\$</u>	985,000	\$	<u>(11,130,182)</u>	\$	44,311,971
Less: Loans se	ervice	ed on behalf of thi	rd partie	es			_	(5,563,384)
Net loans rece	ivabl	e					<u>\$</u>	38,748,587
Classification	Lo	oans Receivable	Loan	-Loss Reserves		Provision	Ju	ine 30, 2018, Net
Specific	\$	6,486,832	\$	-	\$	(4,905,344)	\$	1,581,488
1		40,853,918		985,000		(805,721)		41,033,197
2		-		-		-		-
3		2,600,000		-		(520,000)		2,080,000
3	\$	2,600,000 49,940,750	<u>\$</u>	- 985,000	<u>\$</u>	(520,000) (6,231,065)	\$	2,080,000 44,694,685
		, ,	<u>.</u>		<u>\$</u>		\$	

NOTE 8 - RESTRICTED DEPOSIT WITH NYCHDC

NYCEEC provided \$2.5 million to New York City Housing Development Corporation ("NYCHDC") for the establishment of the Program for Energy Reduction Loans ("PERL") loan loss reserve account. In fiscal year 2016, NYCHDC repaid NYCEEC \$1.5 million to reduce the amount held to \$985,000. There was no additional repayment in fiscal year 2019, and as of June 30, 2019, the amounts held in reserve were \$985,000. This reserve account is maintained by NYCHDC for the benefit of NYCHDC and NYCEEC. NYCHDC may invest the funds on deposit in the reserve account in one or more permitted investments selected by NYCHDC in its sole discretion. All proceeds and earnings of these investments benefit NYCEEC and are paid by NYCHDC to NYCEEC quarterly. If there are any losses on permitted investments, NYCHDC shall deposit the amount of such loss in the reserve account. During the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, earnings on this reserve fund were \$21,112 and \$11,004, respectively, and such amounts are included in interest from loans receivable in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 9 - ESCROWS HELD AND ESCROWS DUE

Two NYCEEC borrowers have contributed funds to capitalize certain loss reserves in respect of financed projects. The first borrower makes monthly payments to fund reserves balances and quarterly principal and interest payments on the loan. During the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, these payments and interest accrued have decreased the amounts held in reserve by approximately \$54,000 and \$200,000, respectively. To the extent that such funds are not used to repay any amounts owed and unpaid to NYCEEC under the loan agreement, a portion will be returned to the borrower on an annual basis and the balance at the term of the transaction, based on the loan agreement. The second borrower has funded certain reserves during construction of approximately \$99,000 as per schedules established in the associated loan agreements. Such reserves are held in escrow in respect of the financed projects.

NOTE 10 - OTHER NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES - LOANS SERVICED ON BEHALF OF THIRD PARTIES

Pursuant to a contractual arrangement between New York State Energy Research & Development ("NYSERDA") and NYCEEC, NYSERDA contributed \$721,332 to the origination of seven project loans which has been disbursed to borrowers. Funds have been disbursed on a pro-rata basis with NYCEEC capital in accordance with the loan terms and will be returned to NYSERDA concurrently as loan repayments are made to NYCEEC. As such, NYCEEC is servicing this loan on behalf of NYSERDA. The repayment of funds to NYSERDA is made on a non-recourse basis and with no associated interest.

During the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, NYCEEC made repayments to NYSERDA of \$1,116,043 and \$119,056, respectively. As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, \$300,131 and \$210,448, respectively, is due to NYSERDA, which is netted against the loans receivable in the accompanying statements of financial position.

Pursuant to a contractual arrangement with a third-party participant to co-fund one project loan, \$2,143,779 has been contributed by third-party capital in accordance with the loan terms during the year ended June 30, 2019. Inclusive of NYSERDA and this private investor, the total loan participations serviced on behalf of third parties as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 were \$5,563,384 and \$2,537,827, respectively. This is recognized as a reduction of loans receivable (Note 7).

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

NYCEEC has standard commercial insurance coverage to mitigate typical operational risk.

NYCEEC extends financing for both clean energy and energy efficiency retrofit projects and, in this capacity, NYCEEC is exposed to the risk of non-payment of fees, interest and return of principal. In cooperation with its Board of Directors and consultants, NYCEEC has instituted transaction-specific underwriting standards, due diligence and credit approval procedures, and monitoring procedures to mitigate these risks.

NOTE 12 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consisted of the following as of June 30:

		2019	 2018	Estimated Useful Lives
Leasehold improvements	\$	-	\$ 196,677	5 Years
Furniture and fixtures		13,169	8,408	5 Years
Software		35,493	35,493	3 Years
Computers and equipment		81,436	 75,901	3 Years
Total cost		130,098	 316,479	
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization		(99,348)	 (244,580)	
Net book value	<u>\$</u>	30,750	\$ 71,899	

NOTE 12 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

Depreciation and amortization expense amounted to \$51,445 and \$69,282, respectively, for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018. During the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, NYCEEC wrote-off fully depreciated leasehold improvements amounting to \$196,677 and \$0, respectively. This write-off reflected leasehold improvements no longer in service.

NOTE 13 - NOTES PAYABLE

On December 31, 2014, NYCEEC was awarded a working capital recoverable grant of \$120,000 from the Deutsche Bank Americas Foundation over three years. This award is treated as a zero-interest loan and must be repaid over three years following the grant period. As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, NYCEEC owed \$0 and \$40,000, respectively, under the award.

On December 5, 2017, NYCEEC entered into an agreement with FJC, a New York not-for-profit corporation, for a term loan facility to support an energy improvement project with a maximum borrowing capacity of \$1.82 million and which matures May 31, 2020. Interest accrues on amounts borrowed under the note at prime + 3% per annum and is paid quarterly. As of June 30, 2019, NYCEEC had drawn \$1.7 million. This amount is included in notes payable – current.

On April 15, 2016, NYCEEC entered into an agreement with Bank of America ("BOA") for a term loan facility with a maximum borrowing capacity of \$10 million, which may be drawn through October 15, 2017 and which matures April 15, 2024 with interim payments due April 15, 2021, 2022 and 2023. Interest accrues on amounts borrowed under the note at 3% per annum and is paid quarterly. As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, NYCEEC had drawn \$10 million under the note. This amount is included in notes payable – noncurrent.

On July 1, 2016, NYCEEC entered into agreement with the MacArthur Foundation for a term-loan program related investment in the amount of \$5 million, which may be drawn through June 30, 2018 and which matures July 1, 2031 with interim payments due July 1, 2028, 2029 and 2030. Interest accrues on amounts borrowed under the note at 1% per annum and is paid quarterly. As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, NYCEEC had drawn \$5 million under the note. This amount is included in notes payable – noncurrent.

On July 26, 2016, NYCEEC entered into agreement with Deutsche Bank for a revolving loan facility in the amount of \$5 million, which may be drawn through July 26, 2017 and which matures December 14, 2021. Interest accrues on amounts borrowed under the note at London Inter-bank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") + 2.25% per annum and is paid quarterly. The facility is subject to an unused facility fee, which accrues on amounts committed but unborrowed at two tenths of one percent (0.20%) and is paid quarterly. As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, NYCEEC had drawn \$5 million under the note. This amount is included in notes payable – noncurrent.

As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, NYCEEC had total notes payable of approximately \$21.7 million and \$21.3 million, respectively. Interest expense for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 amounted to \$944,654 and \$475,637, respectively, and is included in banking, finance and miscellaneous fees in the accompanying statements of functional expenses.

NOTE 14 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Contingencies for Future Audits by Governmental Funding Sources

Pursuant to NYCEEC's contractual relationships with its governmental funding sources, governmental agencies have the right to examine NYCEEC's books and records involving transactions relating to these contracts. The accompanying financial statements make no provision for possible disallowances.

NOTE 14 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

B. Lease Commitments

On September 14, 2018, NYCEEC entered into a lease for the use of facilities in Manhattan which extends through October 31, 2027. The lease is subject to escalations for increases in real estate taxes and other operating expenses.

As of June 30, 2019, minimum future obligations under this lease were approximately as follows:

Fiscal year 2020	\$ 225,000
Fiscal year 2021	225,000
Fiscal year 2022	225,000
Fiscal year 2023	225,000
Fiscal year 2024	229,000
Thereafter	 858,000
	\$ 1,987,000

Rent expense for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 amounted to \$191,815 and \$107,759, respectively, and is included in occupancy costs in the accompanying statements of functional expenses.

C. Income Taxes

NYCEEC believes it had no uncertain tax positions as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 in accordance with FASB Accounting Standards Codification Topic 740 ("Income Taxes"), which provides standards for establishing and classifying any tax provisions for uncertain tax positions.

NOTE 15 – NET ASSETS WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS

For the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, net assets with donor restrictions amounted to \$32,413,336 and \$34,050,720, respectively. Of this amount, \$25,743 and \$81,640, respectively, has been received from private sources to fund future NYCEEC operations and \$32,387,593 and \$33,969,080, respectively, is intended to fund the revolving loan fund and loan loss reserve fund.

Net assets with donor restrictions were restricted for the following as of June 30:

	2019	2018
Revolving loan and loan loss reserve fund Time restrictions	\$ 32,387,593 25,743	\$ 33,969,080 81,640
Net book value	<u>\$ 32,413,336</u>	<u>\$ 34,050,720</u>

During the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, \$1,937,384 and \$3,756,672, respectively, in allowable expenditures satisfied donor restrictions. During the year ended June 30, 2019, these amounts included approximately \$1.6 million in funding released to cover the provision for loan losses on anticipated uncollectible loans receivable. Such amounts are recorded as net assets released from restrictions in the accompanying statements of activities.

NOTE 16 – RETIREMENT PLAN

NYCEEC maintains a contributory, defined-contribution 401(k) plan covering all employees who meet specific eligibility requirements. The plan is an elective, deferred-salary arrangement. NYCEEC makes safe-harbor contributions matching employee contributions up to 3% of salary and half of employee contributions between 3% and 5%. Employee contributions and employer safe-harbor contributions are considered fully vested. NYCEEC may elect to make additional matching contributions on behalf of employees. Additional matching contributions are considered fully vested after six years of service. During the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, NYCEEC contributions into the 401(k) plan on behalf of active employees totaled \$99,473 and \$74,273, respectively, and are included in payroll taxes and employee benefits in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 17 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

NYCEEC has evaluated, for potential recognition and disclosure, events subsequent to the date of the statement of financial position through October 31, 2019, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Subsequent to year end, NYCEEC paid down it's note payable with FJC in the amount of \$1 million and BOA in the amount of \$2.5 million. As of October 31, 2019, the outstanding balance due to FJC and BOA is \$744,851 and \$7.5 million, respectively.