

# **New York City Energy Efficiency Corporation**

Financial Statements (Together with Independent Auditors' Report)

Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016



ACCOUNTANTS & ADVISORS

## NEW YORK CITY ENERGY EFFICIENCY CORPORATION

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Together with Independent Auditors' Report)

## **YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016**

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Marks Paneth LLP 685 Third Avenue New York, NY 10017 P 212.503.8800 F 212.370.3759 markspaneth.com New York New Jersey Pennsylvania Washington, DC Florida



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors of New York City Energy Efficiency Corporation

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of New York City Energy Efficiency Corporation ("NYCEEC"), which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of NYCEEC as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

New York, NY October 31, 2017

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## NEW YORK CITY ENERGY EFFICIENCY CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016

	2017	2016
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 2H and 3)	\$ 3,184,767	\$ 2,564,382
Government grants receivable (Notes 2K and 5)	368,359	5,715,314
Contributions receivable (Notes 2J and 4)	100,000	185,000
Fees and interest receivable (Note 2L)	472,897	312,349
Prepaid expenses and other assets	49,490	36,847
Total current assets	4,175,513	8,813,892
Noncurrent assets		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents (Note 6 and 12)	7,075,930	5,552,571
Restricted cash - escrows held (Note 8)	1,082,327	1,127,502
Restricted deposit with NYCHDC (Note 7)	985,000	985,000
Loans receivable, net (Notes 2D, 2E, and 6)	38,789,069	31,169,702
Property and equipment, net (Notes 2F and 11)	129,759	119,225
Total noncurrent assets	48,062,085	38,954,000
Total Holicultent assets	40,002,000	00,004,000
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 52,237,598	\$ 47,767,892
Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses (Notes 2G and 9) Notes payable (Note 12) Total current liabilities  Noncurrent liabilities Escrows due (Note 8) Notes payable (Note 12) Loans serviced on behalf of third parties (Note 9) Total noncurrent liabilities	\$ 703,406 40,000 743,406 1,082,327 8,524,000 2,473,284 12,079,611	\$ 494,635 
TOTAL LIABILITIES	12,823,017	7,187,927
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 13)		
NET ASSETS (Note 2B)		
Unrestricted	2,207,189	2,519,567
Temporarily restricted (Note 14)	37,207,392	38,060,398
TOTAL NET ASSETS	39,414,581	40,579,965
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 52,237,598	\$ 47,767,892

## NEW YORK CITY ENERGY EFFICIENCY CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016

	For the `	For the Year Ended June 30, 2017			For the Year Ended June 30, 2016			
	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Total 2017	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Total 2016		
SUPPORT AND REVENUE								
Contributions (Note 2J and 4)	\$ -	\$ 200,000	\$ 200,000	\$ -	\$ 300,000	\$ 300,000		
Government grants (Notes 2K and 5)	1,258,745	-	1,258,745	1,127,280	5,000,000	6,127,280		
Fee income (Note 2L)	177,466	-	177,466	360,082	-	360,082		
Interest from loans receivable (Note 2L)	2,750,751	-	2,750,751	1,802,301	-	1,802,301		
Miscellaneous income	-	-	-	933	-	933		
Interest income from banks (Note 2M)	5,726	-	5,726	2,899	-	2,899		
Net assets released from restrictions (Notes 2B and 14)	1,053,006	(1,053,006)		637,578	(637,578)			
TOTAL SUPPORT AND REVENUE	5,245,694	(853,006)	4,392,688	3,931,073	4,662,422	8,593,495		
EXPENSES								
Program services	4,814,896	-	4,814,896	2,336,047	=	2,336,047		
Management and administration	671,734	=	671,734	598,769	=	598,769		
Fundraising	71,442		71,442	66,864		66,864		
TOTAL EXPENSES	5,558,072		5,558,072	3,001,680		3,001,680		
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(312,378)	(853,006)	(1,165,384)	929,393	4,662,422	5,591,815		
Net assets - beginning of year	2,519,567	38,060,398	40,579,965	1,590,174	33,397,976	34,988,150		
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,207,189	\$ 37,207,392	\$ 39,414,581	\$ 2,519,567	\$ 38,060,398	\$ 40,579,965		

## NEW YORK CITY ENERGY EFFICIENCY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

(With Summarized Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2016)

For the	Year	Ended .	June 30.	, 2017
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	Supporting Services							
		Program Services		nagement dministration		ndraising	2017 Total	2016 Total
Salaries and wages Payroll taxes and employee benefits (Note 15)	\$	1,483,133 314,932	\$	269,607 57,249	\$	52,272 11,100	\$ 1,805,012 383,281	\$ 1,698,039 345,695
Total personnel services		1,798,065		326,856		63,372	 2,188,293	 2,043,734
Professional and consulting fees		429,134		277,842		2,229	709,205	588,421
Occupancy (Note 13B)		89,689		22,540		2,471	114,700	114,700
Utilities		3,992		1,003		110	5,105	2,246
Insurance		25,520		6,414		703	32,637	31,406
Travel, meetings and conferences		15,300		3,845		422	19,567	14,462
Supplies and office expense		9,470		2,380		261	12,111	9,532
Telecom, internet and website		45,060		4,068		446	49,574	23,370
Postage and delivery		990		249		27	1,266	1,332
Minor furniture, equipment and leases		481		121		13	615	2,191
Payroll and benefits processing fees		-		11,190		-	11,190	12,014
Banking, finance and miscellaneous fees (Note 12)		382,510		2,607		4	385,121	104,834
Depreciation and amortization (Note 11)		50,211		12,619		1,384	 64,214	 53,438
Total expenses before provision for loan losses		2,850,422		671,734		71,442	 3,593,598	 3,001,680
Provision for loan losses (Notes 2E and 6)		1,964,474		<del>-</del>			 1,964,474	 
Total expenses	\$	4,814,896	\$	671,734	\$	71,442	\$ 5,558,072	\$ 3,001,680

## NEW YORK CITY ENERGY EFFICIENCY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Supporting Services						
		Program Services		nagement dministration	Fur	ndraising	 Total
Salaries and wages Payroll taxes and employee benefits (Note 15) Total personnel services	\$	1,371,966 279,312 1,651,278	\$	275,673 56,123 331,796	\$	50,400 10,260 60,660	\$  1,698,039 345,695 2,043,734
Professional and consulting fees		385,105		202,652		664	588,421
Occupancy (Note 13B)		88,636		23,454		2,610	114,700
Utilities		1,736		459		51	2,246
Insurance		24,269		6,422		715	31,406
Travel, meetings and conferences		11,176		2,957		329	14,462
Supplies and office expense		7,366		1,949		217	9,532
Telecom, internet and website		20,157		2,891		322	23,370
Postage and delivery		1,030		272		30	1,332
Minor furniture, equipment and leases		1,693		448		50	2,191
Payroll and benefits processing fees		_		12,014		-	12,014
Banking, finance and miscellaneous fees (Note 12)		102,306		2,528		-	104,834
Depreciation and amortization (Note 11)		41,295		10,927		1,216	 53,438
Total expenses	<u>\$</u>	2,336,047	\$	598,769	\$	66,864	\$ 3,001,680

## NEW YORK CITY ENERGY EFFICIENCY CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016

		2017		2016
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Change in net assets	\$	(1,165,384)	\$	5,591,815
Change in fict addets	Ψ	(1,100,001)	Ψ	0,001,010
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to				
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities				
Depreciation and amortization		64,214		53,438
Provision for loan losses		1,964,474		-
Amortization of deferred rent	_	(8,060)		(8,059)
Subtotal		855,244		5,637,194
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in assets:				
Government grants receivable		5,346,955		(5,651,085)
Contributions receivable		85,000		110,000
Fees and interest receivable		(160,548)		(203,176)
Prepaid expenses and other assets		(12,643)		(75)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		216,831		96,904
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		6,330,839		(10,238)
		_		_
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Cash held in escrow		(45,175)		273,539
Interest capitalized		(1,323,261)		(316,868)
Loans disbursed		(12,593,399)		(16,327,663)
Loan payments received		4,332,819		3,225,130
Repayment of restricted deposit		- (7.4.7.40)		1,515,000
Acquisitions of property and equipment	_	(74,748)		(2,730)
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	_	(9,703,764)		(11,633,592)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Proceeds from notes payable		3,414,000		5,515,458
Repayments of notes payable		-		(2,113,325)
Funds paid to other capital providers		(111,498)		(101,371)
Funds received from other capital providers		2,168,992		171,119
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities		5,471,494		3,471,881
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		2,098,569		(8,171,949)
Cash and cash equivalents – Beginning of the year		9,244,455		17 /16 /10/
Cash and Cash equivalents – beginning of the year	_	9,244,433	_	17,416,404
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS – END OF YEAR	\$	11,343,024	\$	9,244,455
RECONCILIATION TO CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR:				
Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,184,767	\$	2,564,382
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	_	8,158,257		6,680,073
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS—END OF YEAR	\$	11,343,024	\$	9,244,455
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:				
Cash paid during the year for interest	\$	229,980	\$	110,597
	<u>-</u>	-,	<u>-</u>	-,

#### NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF ACTIVITIES

New York City Energy Efficiency Corporation ("NYCEEC") is a non-profit, specialty finance company that provides loans and innovative financing solutions, coupled with technical engineering guidance, to help building owners undertake energy efficiency and clean energy projects that reduce greenhouse gas emission and save money. NYCEEC finances energy efficiency, combined heat and power, fuel conversion, demand response and building-scale renewable energy projects.

NYCEEC is governed by a Board of Directors whose membership includes public officials and private individuals. In fiscal year 2014, NYCEEC's Board of Directors voted to become self-perpetuating and NYCEEC is no longer a component unit of The City of New York (the "City").

On November 29, 2012, NYCEEC received notice from the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") that its tax-exempt status under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code was approved, and it is exempt from federal income taxes. NYCEEC is considered a public charity under Section 170(b)(1)(A)(vi). NYCEEC was incorporated under the laws of the State of New York (the "State") and is exempt from State and local income and sales taxes.

NYCEEC makes construction and permanent loans and provides credit enhancement in the form of loan loss reserves exclusively for energy efficiency and clean energy projects in buildings. NYCEEC also partners with various lending organizations to finance such projects while encouraging best practices with respect to energy efficiency retrofit implementation and ongoing performance monitoring.

NYCEEC's project loans are primarily funded by Federal funds as well as funds received from the City, private banks and philanthropic foundations. NYCEEC's operations are primarily funded through earnings on its project loans and funds received through the contract with the City as well as several philanthropic grants that NYCEEC has been awarded since inception.

In accordance with its governing documents, NYCEEC officers have the responsibility to approve or disapprove certain financing transactions while other transactions must be approved by certain members of the Board of Directors.

#### NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements of NYCEEC have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to not-for-profit organizations as defined by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB").

#### B. Basis of Presentation

NYCEEC is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets: unrestricted, temporarily restricted net assets and permanently restricted net assets.

*Unrestricted* – include expendable resources that are not subject to donor-imposed stipulations and, therefore, may be expended for any purpose in performing the primary objectives of NYCEEC.

Temporarily restricted – include resources subject to donor-imposed stipulations that limit their use either through purpose or time restrictions. When donor restrictions expire, that is, when a time restriction ends or a purpose restriction is accomplished, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified as unrestricted net assets and reported as net assets released from restrictions.

#### NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Permanently restricted – include resources subject to donor-imposed stipulations, requiring that the principal be maintained in perpetuity, but permit NYCEEC to expend part or all of the income and gains derived therefrom. There were no permanently restricted net assets at June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

#### C. Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of providing NYCEEC's program and supporting services have been summarized on a functional basis in the accompanying statements of activities. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated between program and supporting services based on an analysis of personnel time and space utilized for the related activities.

#### D. Loans Receivable

Loans receivable are funds utilized for financing clean energy and energy efficiency projects. Loans receivable represent funds drawn by borrowers and interest capitalized on those funds. Non-capitalized interest on borrowed funds is recognized as interest receivable. The loan terms vary and have repayment periods of up to twelve years.

Loans are considered past due when payment of scheduled principal or interest is not received within 30 days from the payment due date. NYCEEC's policy places a loan on non-accrual status when payments of principal or interest are 120 days past due or more unless the loan is in the process of collection and management reasonably expects full collection. Management may place a loan on non-accrual whether the loan is past due or when it is evident that full payment of the loan is not expected. Interest on non-accrual loans will not be recognized on an accrual basis from the point they are placed on non-accrual. A non-accrual loan will be returned to accrual status when all past due payments are brought current and management believes repayment of contractually owed principal and interest is reasonably assured.

#### E. Provision for Uncollectible Amounts

NYCEEC establishes a provision for possible uncollectible amounts based on an analysis of receivables deemed uncollectible. During the year ending June 30, 2017, NYCEEC instituted a policy based on its internal evaluation of the individual loans and their associated risk, and recorded an initial provision expense of \$1,964,474. These amounts are recorded in the accompanying financial statements under loans receivable or fees and Interest receivable as applicable (see Note 6).

As of June 30, 2017 and 2016 the accompanying financial statements included provisions of \$1,964,474 and \$0, respectively.

#### F. Property and Equipment

It is NYCEEC's policy to capitalize property and equipment with a cost over \$1,000 and a useful life of at least three years. Property and equipment are stated at their original costs or at their fair values at the dates of donation. Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives. Expenditures for leasehold improvements are capitalized and amortized using the straight-line method over the lease term.

#### G. **Deferred Rent**

NYCEEC records rent expenses associated with its office lease on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease. The difference between the straight-line amount and the amount actually paid during the year is recorded as a liability and an expense in the accompanying financial statements. Included in accounts payable and accrued expenses in the accompanying financial statements is a deferred rent liability of \$19,880 and \$27,940 as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

#### NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### H. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, NYCEEC considers all highly liquid investments available for current use with an initial maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

#### I. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, as well as the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### J. Contributions and Contributions Receivable

Contribution revenue is recorded at fair value when the donor makes an unconditional promise to give. Amounts are recorded as temporarily or permanently restricted if they have donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated asset. When a donor restriction expires (that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished), temporarily restricted assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets and reported in the statement of activities as contributions released from restrictions. Conditional promises to give are recognized when the conditions on which they depend are substantially met.

Grant funds are released from restriction as eligible operating and capital expenses are incurred. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is NYCEEC's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Contributions to be received over periods longer than a single year are discounted at an interest rate commensurate with the risk involved, unless deemed to be de minimis.

#### K. Government Grants, Government Grants Receivable and Unearned Revenue

Government grant revenue is recognized when earned. Government grant funds from the City used to capitalize NYCEEC's revolving loan fund and loan loss reserve fund is recorded as grant revenue when committed and funding is certain. Expense driven grants are recognized as revenue when qualifying expenses have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met. Government grant funds received prior to qualifying expenses being incurred are recorded as unearned revenue.

Government grants receivable consists of eligible costs under government grants that were incurred prior to the fiscal year-end and funds committed for the loan fund and loan loss reserve fund for which payment has not been received.

#### L. Program Revenue and Fees and Interest Receivable

Program revenue includes income from interest and fees on loans and loan loss reserve transactions. Such income is recognized when earned. Fees are due and payable when earned.

When interest is capitalized during the construction period, it is reflected as loans receivable. Interest is due and payable monthly or quarterly based on the amortization schedule shared with the borrower.

#### M. Investment Income

Investment income reflects the earnings on the cash and cash equivalents of NYCEEC held with financial institutions.

#### **NOTE 3 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

At June 30, 2017, NYCEEC's bank balance was \$11,393,805 compared to its book balance of \$11,343,024. The difference between the bank balance and book balance of \$50,781 relates to reconciling items in the NYCEEC operating account. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance and \$10,717,376 was fully collateralized under a pledge and assignment agreement with JP Morgan Chase. The remaining \$426,430 is uncollateralized.

#### **NOTE 4 – CONTRIBUTIONS**

NYCEEC was awarded a total of \$200,000 and \$300,000 in private foundation funding during the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Since inception, NYCEEC has been awarded \$5.4 million in private foundation funding. Of this amount, \$100,000 and \$185,000 was outstanding as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, and is reflected in contributions receivable in the accompanying statements of financial position.

As of June 30, 2017 and 2016, the contributions receivable were due to be collected as follows:

		2017				
Less than one year	<u>\$</u>	100,000	\$	185,000		
Total	\$	100,000	\$	185,000		

#### **NOTE 5 – GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND CONTRACTS**

In 2011, NYCEEC was awarded an allocation from the City under the Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grant Program ("EECBG") in the amount of \$37.5 million, which was received in full. NYCEEC has received \$37.5 million from the City since inception. Of this amount, a total of \$32.8 million was used to capitalize a revolving loan fund and loan loss reserve fund and has been recorded as grant revenue in prior periods.

The City committed to funding NYCEEC an additional \$8.2 million over three years, beginning June 2015 for additional clean energy financing and related services. Of this \$8.2 million, \$5 million was used to capitalize a revolving loan fund and has been recorded as revenue in the statement of activities. NYCEEC recorded a receivable balance from the City at June 30, 2016 of \$688,209 for expenditures incurred, and \$5 million for the loan funds. These amounts were fully collected in fiscal year 2017. As of June 30, 2017, \$272,421 was including in government grants receivable on the accompanying financial statements for expenditures incurred. The City shall make further allocations to NYCEEC upon request and submission.

As of June 30, 2017 and 2016, net assets received under the contract with the City and restricted for purposes of the revolving loan fund and loan loss reserve fund were approximately \$36.8 million and \$37.7 million, respectively (see Note 14). In the year ending June 30, 2017, approximately \$828,000 of loan funding from the City was released from restrictions to cover the provision for loan losses on anticipated uncollectible loans receivable funded by the City.

#### **NOTE 6 – LOANS AND COLLATERAL COMMITMENTS**

#### A. Loans and Collateral Commitments

NYCEEC has received federal grants and a private grant that are to be utilized for financing clean energy and energy efficiency. NYCEEC has also secured participant lenders and other borrowing facilities to fund its project loan portfolio. Through June 30, 2017, NYCEEC has closed fifty-five financing transactions, totaling approximately \$63 million. These fifty-five transactions have consisted of six loan loss reserve transactions totaling \$12.2 million and forty-nine loans totaling \$50.8 million since inception.

#### NOTE 6 – LOANS AND COLLATERAL COMMITMENTS (Continued)

Of the \$50.8 million in NYCEEC loan commitments, \$46.8 million has been drawn by borrowers through June 30, 2017 and approximately \$5.0 million remains to be drawn. In fiscal year 2017, interest of \$1,323,261 was capitalized and added to principal. NYCEEC has collected approximately \$4.3 million in principal repayments in fiscal year 2017. NYCEEC recorded approximately \$40.7 million and \$31.2 million in loans receivable at June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

	2017	 2016	
Loans receivable, beginning	\$ 31,169,702	\$ 17,750,301	
Loan disbursements	12,593,399	16,327,663	
Interest capitalization	1,323,261	316,868	
Loan repayments	(4,332,819)	(3,225,130)	
Loans receivable, ending	40,753,543	31,169,702	
Less provision	(1,964,474)	 -	
Loans receivable, net	<u>\$ 38,789,069</u>	\$ 31,169,702	

The following is a summary of the scheduled principal repayments to be received on all of NYCEEC's loans (before the provision for uncollectible amounts):

		2017	 2016
Less than one year Due within one to five years Due after five years	\$	5,005,867 10,196,153 25,551,523	\$ 4,468,251 9,274,913 17,426,538
bue after five years	<u> </u>	40,753,543	\$ 31,169,702

#### B. Concentrations

As of June 30, 2017 and 2016, borrowers with outstanding balances in excess of 10% of the gross loans receivable accounted for 56% and 43% of the portfolio, respectively. As of June 30, 2017, the largest concentrations of loans receivables are with three borrowers across five loans and amount to approximately \$9.7 million, \$8.1 million, and \$4.0 million representing approximately 25%, 21%, and 10% of NYCEEC's loan portfolio, net of participations. As of June 30, 2016, the largest concentrations of loans receivables are with two borrowers across three loans and amount to approximately \$8.5 million and \$4.9 million representing approximately 27%, and 16% of NYCEEC's loan portfolio, net of participations.

#### C. Ratings and Provisions

NYCEEC uses an internal rating system to determine borrower repayment risk and the appropriate provision. The definitions of the rating levels are summarized below, in addition to amounts provisioned based on analysis of specific receivables deemed uncollectible. Provisions calculated do not include amounts serviced on behalf of third parties.

- 1. Pass provisioned at 2% of outstanding principal balance: The borrower and the loan are both performing fully to projections and project milestones, or better, with no sign of deterioration in any of the major performance criteria.
- 2. Watch/Attention provisioned at 10% of outstanding principal balance: Deterioration in one or more major financial performance criteria is a trend requiring increased scrutiny and possible intervention with the borrower.

#### NOTE 6 – LOANS AND COLLATERAL COMMITMENTS (Continued)

3. Doubtful/Substandard provisioned at 20% of outstanding principal balance: Borrower or loan shows significant deterioration, requiring restructuring and intervention. Negative trends cannot be easily reversed, and payment on the original terms is extremely doubtful.

An analysis of the allowance for uncollectible amounts as of June 30, 2017 by rating category is summarized as follows:

Classification	Loans Receivable	Loan-Loss Reserves	Provision	6/30/17 Total
Specific	\$ 5,828,701	\$ -	\$ (828,141)	\$ 5,000,560
1	32,305,142	985,000	(616,333)	32,673,809
2	-	-	-	-
3	2,600,000	-	(520,000)	2,080,000
	\$ 40,733,843	\$ 985,000	\$ (1,964,474)	\$ 39,754,369

#### NOTE 7 – RESTRICTED DEPOSIT WITH NYCHDC

NYCEEC provided \$2.5 million to NYCHDC for the establishment of the Program for Energy Reduction Loans ("PERL") loan loss reserve account. In fiscal year 2016, NYCHDC repaid NYCEEC \$1.5 million to reduce the amount held to \$985,000. There was no additional repayment in fiscal year 2017, and as of June 30, 2017, the amounts held in reserve were \$985,000. This reserve account is maintained by NYCHDC for the benefit of NYCHDC and NYCEEC. NYCHDC may invest the funds on deposit in the reserve account in one or more permitted investments selected by NYCHDC in its sole discretion. All proceeds and earnings of these investments benefit NYCEEC and are paid by NYCHDC to NYCEEC quarterly. If there are any losses on permitted investments, NYCHDC shall deposit the amount of such loss in the reserve account. During the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, earnings on this reserve fund were \$6,393 and \$37,349, respectively, and such amounts are included in interest from loans receivable in the accompanying financial statements.

#### NOTE 8 - ESCROWS HELD AND ESCROWS DUE

Two NYCEEC borrowers have contributed funds to capitalize certain loss reserves in respect of financed projects. The first borrower makes monthly payments to fund reserves balances and quarterly principal and interest payments on the loan. During the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, these payments and interest accrued have (decreased)/increased the amounts held in reserve by approximately \$(45,000) and \$304,000, respectively. To the extent that such funds are not used to repay any amounts owed and unpaid to NYCEEC under the loan agreement, a portion will be returned to the borrower on an annual basis and the balance at the term of the transaction, based on the loan agreement. The second borrower has funded certain reserves during construction of approximately \$99,000 in fiscal year 2017 as per schedules established in the associated loan agreements. Such reserves are held in escrow in respect of the financed projects.

#### NOTE 9 – OTHER NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES - LOANS SERVICED ON BEHALF OF THIRD PARTIES

Pursuant to a contractual arrangement between NYSERDA and NYCEEC, NYSERDA contributed \$721,332 to the origination of seven project loans which has been disbursed to borrowers. Funds have been disbursed on a pro-rata basis with NYCEEC capital in accordance with the loan terms, and will be returned to NYSERDA concurrently as loan repayments are made to NYCEEC. As such, NYCEEC is servicing this loan on behalf of NYSERDA. The repayment of funds to NYSERDA is made on a non-recourse basis.

## NOTE 9 - OTHER NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES - LOANS SERVICED ON BEHALF OF THIRD PARTIES (Continued)

During the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, NYCEEC made repayments to NYSERDA of \$111,498 and \$101,371, respectively. As of June 30, 2017 and 2016, \$329,504 and \$418,990, respectively, is due to NYSERDA, of which \$0 and \$3,199, respectively, is reflected in accounts payable and accrued expenses in the accompanying statements of financial position. The balance is reflected as loans serviced on behalf of NYSERDA in the accompanying statements of financial position.

Pursuant to a contractual arrangement with a third-party participant to co-fund one project loan, \$2,143,779 has been contributed by the third-party capital in accordance with the loan terms during the year ended June 30, 2017. Inclusive of NYSERDA and this private investor, the total loan participations serviced on behalf of third parties as of June 30, 2017 and 2016 were \$2,473,283 and \$418,990, respectively.

#### **NOTE 10 – RISK MANAGEMENT**

NYCEEC has standard commercial insurance coverage to mitigate typical operational risk.

NYCEEC extends financing for both clean energy and energy efficiency retrofit projects and in this capacity NYCEEC is exposed to the risk of non-payment of fees, interest and return of principal. In cooperation with its Board of Directors and consultants, NYCCEC has instituted transaction-specific underwriting standards, due diligence and credit approval procedures, and monitoring procedures to mitigate these risks.

#### **NOTE 11 – PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT**

Property and equipment consisted of the following as of June 30, 2017 and 2016:

	 2017	 2016	Estimated Useful Lives
Leasehold improvements	\$ 196,677	\$ 196,677	5 Years
Software	35,493	-	3 Years
Computers and equipment	 72,888	 33,633	3 Years
Total cost	305,058	230,310	
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	 (175,299)	 (111,085)	
Net book value	\$ 129,759	\$ 119,225	

Depreciation and amortization expense amounted to \$64,214 and \$53,438, respectively, for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

#### **NOTE 12 – NOTES PAYABLE**

On December 31, 2014, NYCEEC was awarded a working capital recoverable grant of \$120,000 from the Deutsche Bank Americas Foundation over three years. This award is treated as a zero-interest loan and must be repaid over three years following the grant period. As of June 30, 2017 and 2016, NYCEEC had received \$120,000 and \$80,000, respectively, under the award. \$40,000 is included in notes payable-current and \$80,000 is included in notes payable - noncurrent.

On November 17, 2015, NYCEEC entered into an agreement with FJC, a New York not-for-profit corporation, for a term loan facility to support an energy improvement and cogeneration project with a maximum borrowing capacity of \$2.95 million and which matures May 31, 2018. Interest accrues on amounts borrowed under the note at prime + 3% per annum and is paid quarterly. As of June 30, 2017, NYCEEC had drawn \$1,704,000 under the note. This amount is included in notes payable – noncurrent.

## NOTE 12 - NOTES PAYABLE (Continued)

On April 15, 2016, NYCEEC entered into an agreement with Bank of America ("BOA") for a term loan facility with a maximum borrowing capacity of \$10 million, which may be drawn through October 15, 2017 and which matures April 15, 2024. Interest accrues on amounts borrowed under the note at 3% per annum and is paid quarterly. As of June 30, 2017, NYCEEC had drawn \$4,740,000 under the note. This amount is included in notes payable – noncurrent.

On July 1, 2016, NYCEEC entered into agreement with the MacArthur Foundation for a term-loan program related investment in the amount of \$5 million, which may be drawn through June 30, 2018 and which matures July 1, 2031. Interest accrues on amounts borrowed under the note at 1% per annum and is paid quarterly. As of June 30, 2017, NYCEEC had drawn \$2 million under the note. This amount is included in notes payable – noncurrent.

On July 26, 2016, NYCEEC entered into agreement with Deutsche Bank for a revolving loan facility in the amount of \$5 million, which may be drawn through July 26, 2017 and which matures July 26, 2019. Interest accrues on amounts borrowed under the note at LIBOR + 2.25% per annum and is paid quarterly. The facility is subject to an unused facility fee, which accrues on amounts committed but unborrowed at two tenths of one percent (0.20%) and is paid quarterly. As of June 30, 2017, NYCEEC had not made any draws under the note.

#### **NOTE 13 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

#### A. Contingencies for Future Audits by Governmental Funding Sources

Pursuant to NYCEEC's contractual relationships with its governmental funding sources, governmental agencies have the right to examine NYCEEC's books and records involving transactions relating to these contracts. The accompanying financial statements make no provision for possible disallowances.

#### B. Lease Commitments

On May 29, 2014, NYCEEC entered into a lease for the use of facilities in Manhattan which extends through December 31, 2018. The lease is subject to escalations for increases in real estate taxes and other operating expenses.

As of June 30, 2017, minimum future obligations under this lease were approximately as follows:

Fiscal year 2018	\$ 127,000
Fiscal year 2019	 65,000
	\$ 192,000

Rent expense for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 amounted to \$114,700 and \$114,701, respectively, and is included in occupancy costs in the accompanying statement of functional expenses.

#### C. Income Taxes

NYCEEC believes it had no uncertain tax positions as of June 30, 2017 and 2016 in accordance with FASB Accounting Standards Codification Topic 740 ("Income Taxes"), which provides standards for establishing and classifying any tax provisions for uncertain tax positions

#### **NOTE 14 – TEMPORARILY RESTRICTED NET ASSETS**

For the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, temporarily restricted net assets were \$37,207,392 and \$38,060,398, respectively. Of this amount, \$368,460 and \$393,326, respectively, has been received from private sources to fund future NYCEEC operations and \$36,838,932 and \$37,667,072, respectively, is intended to fund the revolving loan fund and loan loss reserve fund.

As of June 30, 2017 and 2016, temporarily restricted net assets were restricted for the following:

	2017	2016
Revolving loan and loan loss reserve fund Time restrictions	\$ 36,838,932 <u>368,460</u>	\$ 32,667,072 393,326
Net book value	\$ 37,207,392	\$ 38,060,398

During the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, \$1,053,006 and \$637,578, respectively, in allowable expenditures satisfied donor restrictions. In the year ending June 30, 2017, these amounts included approximately \$828,000 in funding released to cover the provision for loan losses on anticipated uncollectible loans receivable. Such amounts are recorded as net assets released from restriction in the accompanying statements of activities.

#### **NOTE 15 – RETIREMENT PLAN**

NYCEEC maintains a contributory, defined-contribution 401(k) plan covering all employees who meet specific eligibility requirements. The plan is an elective, deferred-salary arrangement. NYCEEC makes safe-harbor contributions matching employee contributions up to 3% of salary and half of employee contributions between 3% and 5%. Employee contributions and employer safe-harbor contributions are considered fully vested. NYCEEC may elect to make additional matching contributions on behalf of employees. Additional matching contributions are considered fully vested after six years of service. During the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, NYCEEC contributions into the 401(k) plan on behalf of active employees totaled \$68,152 and \$53,127, respectively, and are included in payroll taxes and employee benefits in the accompanying financial statements.

#### **NOTE 16 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

NYCEEC has evaluated, for potential recognition and disclosure, events subsequent to the date of the statement of financial position through October 31, 2017, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

On July 5, 2017, NYCEEC drew \$1,600,000 under its facility with Deutsche Bank to fund eligible loans.

On August 14, 2017, NYCEEC filed suit in New York County Supreme Court against a borrower and related parties disrupting the release of a NYCEEC lien on properties under construction for a financed project. This project represents approximately 6% of the outstanding loans receivable as of June 30, 2017. Based on analysis of the loan, it has been placed in rating category 3 and a provision of 20% has been recorded against the outstanding principal balance. As of July 1, 2017, this loan has been placed on non-accrual status due to delays in payment of interest. Counsel has advised of the material risk of a countersuit in an amount in excess of \$25,000.

On August 31, 2017, NYCEEC signed an amendment to its existing note with Deutsche Bank extending its draw period to July 26, 2018 and maturity on the note to July 26, 2020.

On September 20, 2017, NYCEEC drew \$2,519,000 under its facility with Bank of America to fund eligible loans.

On September 21, 2017, NYCEEC repaid in full its outstanding notes with FJC along with interest accrued thereon.

#### NOTE 16 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (Continued)

On September 26, 2017, NYCEEC received a notice of award from the New York City Department of Environmental Protection confirming extension of NYCEEC's contractual relationship with the City through May 31, 2022.

As of September 30, 2017, construction was not completed in line with the amended loan agreements of a NYCEEC-financed project due to a delay in receipt of Con Edison permits and certain related matters. This delay will require the project to secure additional financing to finish construction. Principal amortization of this loan, representing approximately 24% of the outstanding loans receivable as of June 30, 2017, has been delayed. Project completion is now anticipated during the first quarter of 2018. Management is actively monitoring the project and will make any changes to the loan rating category and related provisions as warranted.